

General

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Supplemental Health Care Program (SHCP), with specific exceptions discussed in this chapter, allows for payment of claims for civilian services rendered pursuant to a referral by a provider in a Military Treatment Facility (MTF), as well as for Civilian Health Care (CHC) received in the United States by eligible Uniformed Service members. The SHCP exists under authority of 10 USC 1074(c) and [32 CFR 199.16\(a\)\(3\)](#). The use of the SHCP for pay for care referred by MTF providers is governed by Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) (ASD(HA)) Policy Memorandum 96-005, "Policy on Use of Supplemental Care Funds by the Military Departments" (October 18, 1995). That policy states, in pertinent part:

"Circumstances where supplemental funds may be used to reimburse for care rendered by non-governmental health care providers to non-active duty patients are limited to those where a medical treatment facility (MTF) provider orders the needed health care services from civilian sources for a patient, and the MTF provider maintains full clinical responsibility for the episode of care. This means that the patient is not disengaged from the MTF that is providing the care."

1.2 Eligible Active Duty Service Members (ADSMs) may include members in travel status (leave, TDY/TAD, permanent change of station), Navy/Marine Corps service members enrolled to deployable units and referred by the unit Primary Care Manager (PCM) (not an MTF), eligible Reserve Component (RC) personnel, Reserved Officer Training Corps (ROTC) students, cadets/midshipmen, and eligible foreign military.

1.3 The provisions of this Chapter do not apply to services rendered to enrollees in the TRICARE Prime Remote program (see [Chapter 16](#)) or to ADSMs enrolled overseas (see [Chapter 24](#)).

1.4 The fact that civilian services have been rendered to an individual who is enrolled to an MTF PCM does not mean that those services were MTF referred care. If a claim is received for an ADSM MTF enrollee and no authorization is on file, the MTF must be contacted to determine if the care was MTF referred.

2.0 SERVICE POINT OF CONTACT (SPOC)/MILITARY SERVICE PARTICIPATION

2.1 For care that is not referred by an MTF, the SPOC for members of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard will be the Military Medical Support Office (MMSO). The MMSO is established to provide a means to identify, manage and provide medical oversight of CHC furnished to service members. MMSO's functions include preauthorization of care when required, medical oversight for specialty care, the coordination and management of civilian routine and emergency hospital admissions; the initiation or coordination of medical boards; and the coordination of other military personnel-related actions. The Public Health Service (PHS) and

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) have their own SPOCs for their service members. A list of Uniformed Service SPOCs is provided in [Addendum A](#). The SPOCs will interact directly with the Managed Care Support Contractor (MCSC) using telephone, facsimile and automation links when available. [Addendum B](#) describes the protocols and procedures for coordination of authorizations with MMSO.

2.2 Contractors will also receive claims for MTF patients who may require medical care that is not available at the MTF (e.g., MRI) and the MTF refers a patient for civilian medical care (this include all civilian care provided to an ADSM MTF enrollee). In these cases, the contractor shall contact the referring MTF for any necessary medical oversight or authorization of care.

3.0 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES

3.1 The contractor shall provide payment for inpatient and outpatient services, for MTF-referred civilian care within the 50 United States and the District of Columbia ordered by an MTF provider for an MTF patient for whom the MTF provider maintains responsibility. After payment of the claim, the contractor shall furnish the Services with information regarding payment of the claim as specified in the contract.

3.2 The contractor shall provide payment for inpatient and outpatient medical services for CHC received in the 50 United States and the District of Columbia by eligible uniformed service members in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. After payment of the claim, the contractor shall furnish reports as specified in the contract.

4.0 SHCP DIFFERENCES

4.1 ADSMs have no cost-shares, copayments or deductibles. If they have been required by the provider to make "up front" payment they may upon approval be reimbursed in full for amounts in excess of what would ordinarily be reimbursable under TRICARE. Application of Other Health Insurance (OHI) is generally not considered ([Section 3, paragraph 1.2.3](#)).

4.2 Non-Availability Statement (NAS) requirements do not apply.

4.3 If Third Party Liability (TPL) is involved in a claim, claim payment will not be delayed while the TPL information is developed (see [Section 3, paragraph 1.3](#)).

4.4 The contractor shall provide MTF-referred patients the full range of services offered to TRICARE Prime enrollees.

5.0 SERVICE PROJECT OFFICERS

Each Service will designate a Service Project Officer to be the Service's official POC with TMA and the contractor to resolve any overall service-related matters regarding the program (refer to [Addendum A](#) for the list of Service Project Officers).

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